WCB-4348-L2C(D)

2.488Gbps Compact Bi-Di SFP Transceiver, 20km Reach

1490nm TX / 1310 nm RX

Features

- Support 2.488Gbps data links
- ♦ 1490nm DFB laser and PIN photodetector for 20km transmission
- 2xBi-directional transceivers in 1 SFP transceiver package
- Compliant with CSFP MSA Option 2 and SFF-8472
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring:
 Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- ♦ Compatible with SONET OC-48 system
- Compatible with RoHS
- ♦ +3.3V single power supply
- ◆ Operating case temperature: 0 to +70°C(Commercial)
 -40°C to +85°C (Industrial)



- ♦ SDH STM-16 and SONET OC-48 system
- Fiber Channel
- ♦ Switch to Switch interface
- Point to Point FTTH Application
- Other optical transmission systems

Description

Wiitek CSFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting 2.488Gbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF.

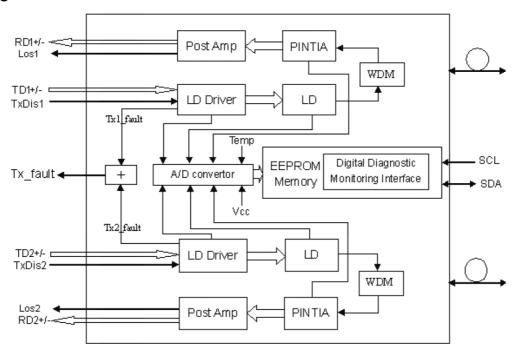
The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with Compact SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.



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Block Diagr



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Commercial	Тс	0		+70	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			550	mA
Data Rate					2488	Mbps

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

GPB-4348x-L2C(D): (DFB and PIN, 1490nm, 20km Reach)



Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

	neter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter								
Centre V	Vavelength	λc	1470	1490	1510	nm		
Spectral V	Vidth (-20dB)	σ			1	nm		
Side Mode St	ippression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB		
Average 0	Output Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	1	
Extinct	ion Ratio	ER	9			dB		
Optical Rise/Fal	I Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.16	ns		
Data Input S	wing Differential	V _{IN}	400		1800	mV	2	
Input Differer	ntial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω		
TV Dis abla	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V		
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V		
	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V		
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V		
			Receive	er				
Centre V	Vavelength	λс	1290		1330	nm		
Receive	Sensitivity				-19	dBm	3	
Receive	r Overload		0			dBm	3	
LOS	e-Assert	LOS _D			-19	dBm		
LOS Assert		LOSA	-30			dBm		
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB		
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	400		1800	mV	4	
100		High	2.0		Vcc	V		
L	LOS				0.8	V		

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
 Measured with a PRBS 2²³-1 test pattern @2488Mbps, BER ≤1×10⁻¹².
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Table 4 - Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms



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Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault		100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10		μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on		100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off		100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		400	KHz
MOD_DEF (1,2)-High	V _H	2	Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (1,2)-Low	V _L		0.8	V

Diagnostics

Table 5 - Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration				
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External				
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External				
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External				
TX Power	-5 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External				
RX Power	-23 to-3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External				

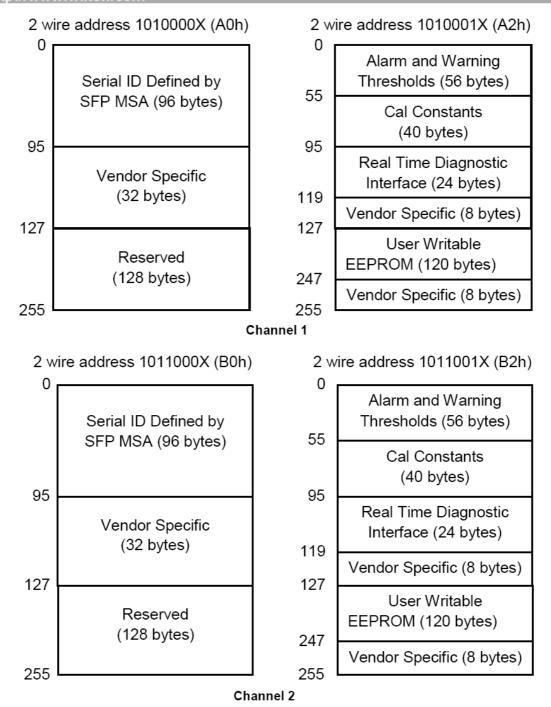
Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following. A0h/A2h for Channel1 B0h/B2h for Channel2

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Pin Definitions

CSFP MSA option 2

20 VEE	1 VEE
19 TD1-	2 TX FAULT
18 TD1+	3 TX1_DISABLE
17 TX2_DISABLE	4 MOD-DEF2
16 VCCT	5 MOD-DEF1
15 VCCR	6 TD2-
14 Los2	7 TD2+
13 RD1+	8 Los1
12 RD1-	9 RD2+
11 VEE	10 RD2-
Top view of Board	Bottom view of Board (As view through top of board)



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Pin Descriptions

Pin	Name	Description	Plug Seq	Notes
1	VEE	Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels		
2	Tx_ Fault	Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates fault in one of the TX channels		
3	TX_DI S1	Transmitter disable control of channel 1, high signal disables optical output		
4	SDA	I2C data (SDA)		
5	SCL	I2C clock (SCL)		
6	TD-2	Inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled)		
7	TD+2	Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled)		
8	LOS1	Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1		
9	RD+2	Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled)		
10	RD-2	Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled)		
11	VEE	Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels		
12	RD-1	Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled)		
13	RD+1	Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled)		
14	LOS2	Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2		
15	VccR	Receiver power, common for 2 channels		
16	VccT	Transmitter power, common for 2 channels		
17	TX_DIS2	Transmitter disable control of channel 2, high signal disables optical output		
18	TD+1	Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 1 (internally AC coupled)		
19	TD-1	Inverted transmitter data input of channel 1 (internally AC coupled)		
20	VEE	Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels		

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) TX Fault report transceiver status as following:

TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K-10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind either in Channel 1 or Channel 2. The Host shall read Channel 1/2:A2H/AAH: 110 for details: TX Fault from channel 1 if bit 2 is set in [A2H:110]; TX Fault fromchannel 2 if bit 2 is set in [B2H: 110]. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) $\dot{T}X$ _disable1, 2 are an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7– $10~k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

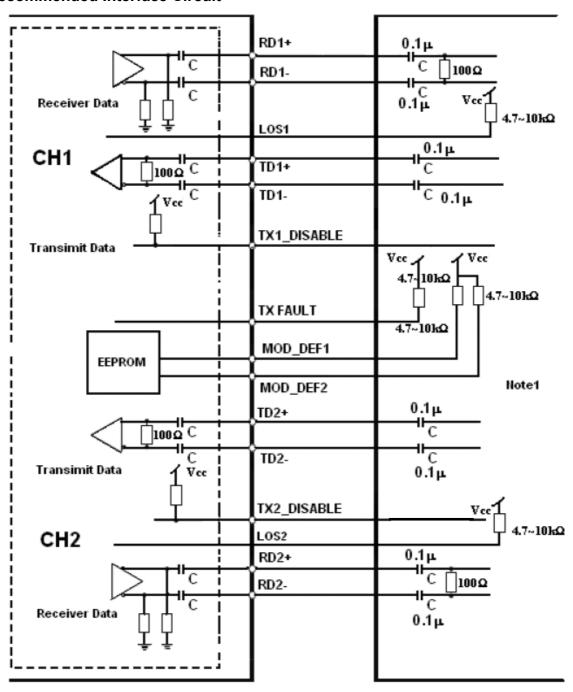
 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Low (0 - 0.8V):} & \text{Transmitter on} \\ \text{(>0.8V, < 2.0V):} & \text{Undefined} \end{array}$

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Mod-Def 1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
 - Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
 - Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS 1,2 is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD1,2-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD1,2-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

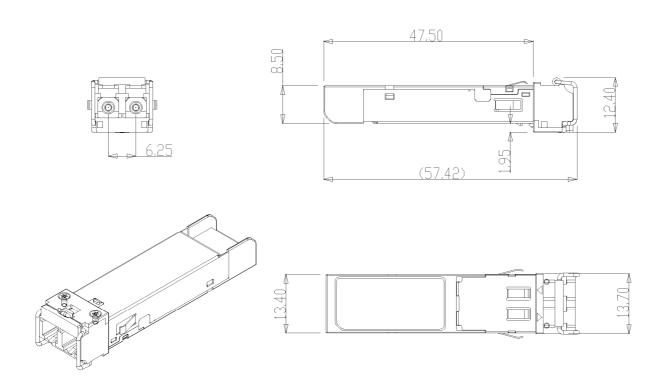
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Recommended Interface Circuit





Mechanical Dimensions



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